

Attorneys

CAMPBELL & VAN CAMPEN,
Attorneys-at-Law,
NAPOLEON, OHIO.
Abstracts and Opinions of Title a Specialty.

R. W. CAHILL,
Attorney-at-Law, Napoleon, Ohio.
NAPOLEON, OHIO.
Office in Prosecuting Attorney's office in the Court House.

W. STEPHENSON, MARTIN KNUFF,
STEPHENSON & KNUFF,
Attorneys and Counselors-at-Law,
Office in Yocke's Block, 2nd Floor, Napoleon, Ohio.

F. M. RUMMELL,
Attorney-at-Law,
AND Real Estate Agent. Office in Hahn & Meyer Building, (second story), Napoleon, O. All business entrusted to his care will be promptly attended to.
J. M. HAAG, J. F. RAGAN

HAAG & RAGAN,
Attorneys-at-Law, Napoleon, Ohio.
ROOMS No. 5 & 6, Yocke Block. Will practice in all Courts of Ohio and United States courts. Business will receive prompt attention. April 18-86

S. M. HAGUE,
Attorney and Counselor-at-Law,
NAPOLEON, OHIO.
Will practice the law in all its branches, in Henry and neighboring counties. Real estate law and Abstracts of Title a specialty. Office in Shorer Block, Ferry Street.

Justice of the Peace.

PETER PUNCHES,
Notary Public and General Collecting Agent,
HAMLER, OHIO.

PHILIP C. SCHWAB,
Justice of the Peace,
PLEASANT township, Henry county, Ohio.
New Bavaria P. O.

W. A. TRESSLER,
Justice of the Peace,
AND GENERAL COLLECTING AGENT. Office over Frome's store, Washington street, opposite Court House, Napoleon, Ohio.
May 10-86.

JOSEPH WEBBLE,
Notary Public and Insurance Agent,
FLORIDA, OHIO.

H. S. WEBSTER,
Justice of the Peace,
Damascus Tp., Henry County, O.
Collections Promptly Attended To.
Post Office, McClure.

Physicians.

MRS. H. H. SHEFFIELD,
HOMOEOPATHIC PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
NAPOLEON, O.

Office, at residence, corner of Clinton street and Italy avenue. Will attend to calls in town or country. Office hours 8 to 10 a. m., 1 to 4 p. m. and 7 to 9 p. m.

J. BLOOMFIELD,
Physician and Surgeon, Napoleon, O.
mch 4, 78.

E. B. HARRISON,
Physician and Surgeon, Napoleon, O.
Office over Star's drug store. Office hours 8 to 9 a. m., 12 to 1 p. m., and 7 to 8 p. m.
Nov 27-77

DR. J. S. HALY,
Physician and Surgeon, Napoleon, O.
Will attend to calls in town and country. Office over Nord & Brunstons. 117

DR. A. E. MAERKER,
Physician and Surgeon, Napoleon, O.
Office over Leist's Drug Store.
July 14-87.

Consorial.

GEO. W. VALENTINE,
Fashionable Barber and Hair Dresser.
Room west side of Perry street, Napoleon, O.
Jan 16, 73

PHILIP WEBB,
Barber and Hair Dresser,
OPPOSITE Bitter's block, Perry St., Napoleon, O. Patronage solicited and good work guaranteed.
oct 30, 73

A. C. JOHNSON,
Stylish Barber and Hair Cutter.
SPECIAL attention paid to Hair Dressing and Shampooing. Room on Washington street.
aug 2, 82.

THOS. BURNS,
(Successor to J. F. Reeder.)
DEALER IN—

Fresh and Salt Meats, Bologna &c.
Will keep on hand choice Beef, Veal, Pork, Mutton, Hams, Shoulders, Corned Beef, Pickled Pork, etc. The highest CASH price paid for
Cattle, Hogs, Sheep, Calves, and Hides.
We invite all old customers and as many new ones as choose to come. Have engaged competent butchers who will be in attendance to wait on customers. We will guarantee satisfaction

TO MACKINAC.
The Most Delightful
SUMMER TOUR
Palace Steamers. Low Rates.
Detroit and Mackinac
And Every Week Day Between
DETROIT AND CLEVELAND
Write for our
"Picturesque Mackinac" Illustrated.
Contains Full Particulars. Mailed Free.
Detroit & Cleveland Steam Nav. Co.
C. D. WHITCOMB, Gen. Pass. Agt.,
DETROIT, MICH.

WILSON WASHBOARDS.
These Washboards are made with a Best Wood rim. The Strongest and best washers in the world. For sale by all dealers.
Take no other.
SAGINAW MFG CO.,
Saginaw, Michigan.
May 19-87

GOLD
fields are scarce, but those who write to
Saginaw Mfg Co., will receive
free, full information about work which
they can do, and live at home, that will pay
them from \$5 to \$25 per day. Some have
earned over \$100 in a day. Sufferers, young or old, Capital
not required. You are wanted here. Those who start at once
are absolutely sure of good results. All is here.

MISSING LINKS.

A Cumberland, Md., company has begun to fetch coal all the way from Wales.

The total output of logs in the Michigan pineries last winter is estimated at 495,500,000 feet.

The special mail delivery system is voted to be a great annoyance by postal clerks, who have to keep a sharp watch for a few letters bearing its stamps while sorting thousands of 2-centers.

During the war Mrs. Terry, of North Adams, Mass., nursed back to life a stranger who was prostrated with fever. The man, who was a brother of Senator Stanford, of California, died recently, leaving her \$15,000.

The New York Journal in an article "No Time to Marry," conclusively sets forth that there are actually over a hundred thousand young men and maidens in the city of New York alone who have actually no time to marry.

Canadians are beginning to worry over their loss of forests. In the more thickly settled part of Ontario only 10 per cent of woodland remains, and forests must now be dug to the depth of forty or fifty feet where formerly water could be reached at six.

Although Winnipeg is the headquarters of the Hudson Bay Fur Company, it is almost impossible for a stranger to buy furs there. The company's agents will not sell, and the only chance a traveler has to get a robe or skin of any sort is from the Indians.

A correspondent of the Congers (Ga.) Solid South says there is a colored preacher near Jasper who rules his horse by butting him. If the animal is fractious or stubborn he takes the kinks out by deliberately seizing it by the ears and butting it squarely in the forehead until it falls to its knees. This it generally does at the second or third butt, when the old parson steps behind and drives ahead again.

The fox-hunting season in England closes in a mournful strain of disappointment. Not only has the season been dull from a sporting point of view, but some of the staunchest supporters have felt that they could not afford to continue the sport. Farmers have been unusually determined to preserve their rights, and have warned hunters off the field by such evident signs as closed gates, wire fences, and notices.

The water has receded from the Tumbull mound field at Cartersville, Ga., and has left uncovered acres of skulls and bones. Some of these are gigantic. If the whole frame is in proportion to two thigh-bones that were found, their owner must have stood fourteen feet high. Many curious ornaments of shell, brass, and stone have been found. Some of the bodies were buried in small vaults built of stones.

Ex-Gov. Curtin, according to the Washington correspondent of the Lancaster (Pa.) Intelligencer, is busy putting in shape his correspondence and other data of the War period for historical purposes; and they say it will make a sensation when given to the public. The governor has had numerous offers for an autobiography, and publishers have besieged him with proposals. He won't listen to any of them. He has made his selection of an editor.

A photograph has just been taken in Hartford of five persons who represent five generations. On the right sits the great-grandfather, Benoni Austin of North Woodstock, aged 95 years. On the left is the great-grandfather, John Austin, aged 75; back of him is the grandfather, N. V. Austin, aged 52; in the center stands the father, Arthur P. Austin, aged 29; and in front of him stands his little son, Forrest, just 5 years old. They are all in good health.

A local Belleaire, Ohio, statistician gets off the following: "There are about 60 saloons in Belleaire. Putting the average sale of drinks at 50 glasses of beer and 40 glasses of whisky per day at each saloon, an estimate by far too low, the daily consumption of liquor amounts to 3,000 glasses of beer and 2,400 glasses of whisky. For this \$390 is daily expended—or \$2,730 per week—\$142,060 per year. This \$142,060 would buy 28,412 loaves of bread, would clothe 300 men for a year, or would buy 30 good farms."

There is said to be a well authenticated case of leprosy in Yadkin county, North Carolina, the patient being John Plewman, aged 40 years. Eighteen months ago he felt a curious numbness of the left arm. He could stand great heat near that arm without suffering pain, and later could pass his hand through the flame of a candle and be insensible to the heat. White blotches appeared on the arm, and large scabs formed. These blotches are now spreading to the body. Physicians, including three specialists, pronounce the disease leprosy.

A rowing club at Crefeld, on the Rhine, having ordered a craft from Mr. Teller, boat-builder of Paris, received this reply: "In accordance with the custom of your country, you try by every means to procure designs of French workmanship. We French copy none. By incessant labor I have acquired a European fame, and am afraid of nobody at universal exhibitions. But, apart from this, I can only see one way of coming to an understanding. Having served in the artillery, I hope to help one day in the taking of Berlin, and then I can deliver to you personally the wished-for boat."

The most conscientious man of the Boycott Convention was Dr. May of San Francisco. He stopped at a boarding-house where no Chinese servants were employed. Only Japan tea was served on the table. White sugar, manufactured by the Spreckels refinery, from the Spreckels plantation, was not used because Chinese are employed in its production, refining, and transportation. He had taken the precaution to have his linen laundered at home. He was so conscientious that, when there was set before him an omelet for breakfast, he demanded proof that it was not made from Cochon China. Buff Cochon, or Shanghai eggs. Dr. May is a good man and conscientious, and is willing to go again to the legislature.—San Francisco Argonaut.

The English recently photographed some of their Burmese prisoners just before execution. Colonel Hooper gives the following version of the facts connected with the case: "The camera was placed in position before the prisoners were placed against the wall. The men were blindfolded at the time, and knew nothing of the fact that the camera was there. The words of command were in

nowise timed to suit the exposure of the plate, which was instantaneous. The words of command, 'Ready! Present! Fire!' were given by the officer in command of the firing party precisely in accordance with the regulations for volley firing, and no delay of any kind took place between the words 'Present!' and 'Fire!' No previous attempt had ever been made to secure the picture of an execution."

Labouchere in London Truth talks thus about the titles of Tannie C. Clafin's husband: "I observe it stated that Mr. Cook had the title of Viscount conferred upon him in Portugal in recognition of his services to that country. The services, as set forth in his patent, were 'introducing a new tree' into the country. In Portugal titles can be obtained even without 'services.' One way is to hire or rent for a year a field attached to a certain convent, each tenant of the convent being entitled to a Barony. Marshall Saldanha, when Portuguese Ambassador here, used to sell titles almost openly. M. Cook appears to have been made an English Baronet for establishing an institution for lady art students at Alexandra House, Kensington Gore. This I regard as a sensible mode of bestowing these name-handies. Every one who will subscribe largely to or found a charitable or useful public institution should be made a Baronet. The Baronetries cost us nothing; the 'Sir' before the name is as harmless as the 'Esquire' after it; while, if money can be obtained for useful purposes by allowing vainglorious persons to use the prefix instead of the adjunct, the more money that is raised the better."

Hay Fever.

I have been a hay fever sufferer for three years; have often heard Ely's Cream Balm spoken of in the highest terms; did not take much stock in it because of the many quack medicines. A friend persuaded me to try the Balm, and I did so with wonderful success.—T. S. Geer, Syracuse, N. Y.

I can recommend Ely's Cream Balm to all hay fever sufferers, it is, in my opinion, a sure cure. I was afflicted for 25 years, and never before found permanent relief.—W. H. Haskins, Marshallfield, Vt.

Northern and Southern Names of Battles.

From General D. H. Hill's paper in the May Century, "The Battle of South Mountain, or Boonsboro," we quote as follows: "The conflict of the 14th of September, 1862, is called the battle of South Mountain at the North, and the battle of Boonsboro' at the South. So many battle-felds of the Civil War bear double names that we cannot believe the duplication has been accidental. It is the unusual which impresses. The troops of the North came mainly from cities, towns, and villages, and were, therefore, impressed by some natural object near the scene of the conflict and named the battle from it. The soldiers from the South were chiefly from the country, and were therefore impressed by some artificial object near the field of action. In one section the naming has been after the handiwork of God; in the other section it has been after the handiwork of man. Thus, the first passage of arms is called the battle of Bull Run at the North,—the name of a little stream. At the South it takes the name of Manassas, from a railroad station. The second battle on the same ground is called the Second Bull Run by the North, and the Second Manassas by the South. Stone's defeat is the battle of Bull's Bluff with the Federals, and the battle of Leesburg with the Confederates. The battle called by General Grant Pittsburg Landing, a natural object, was named Shiloh, after a church, by his antagonist. Rosecrans called his first great fight with Bragg the battle of Stone River, while Bragg named it after Murfreesboro', a village. So McClellan's battle of the Chickahominy, a little river, was with Lee the battle of Cold Harbor, a tavern. The Federals speak of the battle of Pea Ridge, of the Ozark range of mountains, and the Confederates call it after Elk Horn, a country inn. The Union soldiers called the bloody battle three days after South Mountain from the little stream, Antietam, and the Southern troops named it after the village of Sharpsburg. Many instances might be given of this double naming by the opposing forces. According to the same law of the unusual, the war songs of a people have always been written by non-combatants. The bards who followed the banners of the feudal lords, sang of their exploits, and stimulated them and their retainers to deeds of high enterprise, wore no armor and carried no swords. So, too, the impassioned orators in 1776 with the thrilling cry, 'Liberty or Death,' never once put themselves in the way of a death by lead or steel, by musket-ball or bayonet stab. The noisy speakers of 1861, who fired the Northern heart and who fired the Southern heart, never did any other kind of firing. One of the most prominent of them frankly admitted that he preferred a horizontal to a vertical death."

A Cheap Peachbloom Vase.

Shortly before the flowers began to bloom in the spring a Rockland woman heard a knock at the door, and when she opened it she encountered a peddler gentleman standing on the stoop and smiling blandly over a large basket of prehistoric plaster images. "Matam," he said, smiling an inch or two wider, "I haf—"

"Don't want 'em," the woman snapped, beginning to shut the door. The image man held up a vase temptingly, bespangled with much red and yellow paint.

"Haf you read off ter Shonny Morgan vase dot sold for \$18,000 in New York?" he asked, with his head on one side.

The woman slowly opened the door again and said she had.

"The image man looked cautiously up and down the street, and, sinking his voice to a hoarse whisper, said:

"I haf here a vase dot is a gombanion piece, only it is larcher. So hehlep me cracious, mine brudder sthole dis vase, and if you will not gif me away, I sells it to you for \$2.50."

And she finally bought it for 35 cents and a last year's calico dress.—Rockland (N. C.) Courier.

WHEN SHE SHOULD MARRY?

In the current number of the Brooklyn Magazine several well-known literary ladies hold a symposium on the question, "When should girls marry?" Among others, Louise Chandler Moulton writes: "A certain sense of embarrassment attends any attempt to give my views as to the age at which girls ought to marry, from the fact that I know of no subject on which I lay down a hard and fixed rule or even to generalize with any degree of satisfaction. You remember the famous recipe for hare soup, 'First catch your hare'?"

I should be inclined, in answering the question, to say, "First show me your girl," for there can be no doubt but that some girls are mentally, morally, and physically better fitted to marry at 20 than others at 25.

If indeed one must generalize as to whether early or late marriages are preferable, I should certainly say that more girls are capable of a wise choice at 25 than at 20; and that nine-tenths of our girls would doubtless be happier should they wait until the maturer period.

Two considerations would influence me to a preference for a marriage late rather than early. In the first place is the certainty that a girl of my brains "would know a great deal better what she really needed, by way of companionship through life, at 25 than she could possibly know at 20. In the second place I would fain secure to girls the natural, healthful delights of girlhood; that time when the bud has not quite opened to the sun and holds at heart the morning's freshness. And yet the remembrance of certain girl brides, full of hope and trust, and entering on the new life with the fresh enthusiasm of girlhood, constrains me to wonder whether something may not be lost from the glory of love when the glory of youth is passed.

In the two very happiest marriages I can just now call to my mind one wife married at the age of 28, the other at that of 30. And these marriages seem to me ideally perfect. To these happy pairs would apply my favorite quotation from "Jane Eyre," where Jane says, after her marriage with Rochester: "For us to be together is to be as free as in solitude, as gray as in company." But I would be very far from deducing from these two ideal marriages the conclusion that a young woman should not marry under the mature age of 28.

The terrible danger is in the early marriage of people in a transition state, when, before the wings have sprung from the shoulders of Pegasus, he may be mated all unknowingly with the plodding plow-horse. Unshared aspirations—these are fatal to conjugal happiness. I know, for instance, a man in high official position, educated largely by contact with the world, by the very duties that have devolved on him and the attention of every day's experiences, whose petty, empty-headed wife must shock him by her very accent every time she opens her lips. He does his duty manfully, this man—but does any one suppose he would not be happier with a different wife.

Louisa M. Alcott writes as follows: My reply to the question, "When shall our young women marry?" is from 23 to 25, as few girls are ready for the duties of married life before then, either physically or mentally. Many are never fit, owing to the serious defects in our modern education and inherited ill-health. "When shall our young men marry?" is a still more important question to my mind, because the sins of the father visited upon the children are too often the cause of that feebleness which is usually attributed to the mothers. When young people are wisely prepared for marriage and taught its sanctity it will cease to be the leap in the dark it is now to both parties, and the beauty and vigor of youth will make it what it should be—safe and happy. As teacher, nurse, author, and confidante to young and old I have had many opportunities of looking behind the curtain, and am convinced that books on the health of our boys are much more needed than any additions to the library of advice our poor girls are supplied with. Begin at the right end, gentlemen, and do not visit upon Eve's daughters the sins of Adam's sons, making it unsafe to marry at all.

The Sprague Mansion.

Ex-Governor William Sprague, of Rhode Island has Cananochet again, his wife having bought it of Henry C. Cranston, who in his turn bought it of Francis D. Moulton. The latter bought it at sheriff's sale shortly before his death for \$61,200, and Mrs. Sprague gets it back for \$60,000.

The history of Cananochet, which is a part of Narragansett Pier, involves a large amount of misfortune. The ex-Governor began the immense building before disaster overtook him and it has never been completed. It was laid out on one of the grandest plans of modern buildings, and much work was done on it which was thrown away because of the change ordered by its eccentric owner, and to some extent by his first wife, Mrs. Kate Chase Sprague. The Spragues finally went into bankruptcy, and since then the law proceedings with regard to Cananochet have been numerous and costly. One fine day the country was startled with the news that Sprague had tried to shoot Senator Conkling at the mansion, or near there. There had previously been a good deal of talk with regard to the relations existing between the lady and the Senator, but it was generally believed that the latter had merely acted as the counsel of the former in certain legal matters relating, if not to Sprague, to the lady's private estate. The husband had taken considerably to drink, and this of course made matters worse. Finally Mrs. Sprague left the place, never to return, taking with her her youngest boy, the older preferring to share the fortunes of his father. The latter youth is more or less eccentric, after the pattern set him, and not long since ran away with and married a relative of his father's second matrimonial choice.

The fortunes of Sprague varied, but the law held on to him and to Cananochet for a long time. He remarried, his bride being a wealthy woman, and since then there has been a marked improvement in his personal conduct and his financial standing. A couple of years ago he ran for Governor, and had the warm endorsement of his chief lawyer, General Butler, but was defeated. Kate Chase Sprague, still a beautiful woman, is living somewhere in Europe and apparently intends to stay there. Naturally she is sorely disappointed in the

quiet outcome of her brilliant life; but she is still a lady of high spirit, and if she experiences any genuine grief the world will never know it. There was a time during the war when she hoped to be mistress of the White House through the election of her honored father for President, and the politics to that end were engineered by her with great ability. To descend from that ambition to the sphere she at present occupies, and to look back upon the notoriety that had been visited upon her in the place of the fame she had hoped for, is a fate that nobody will envy her; but doubtless anything is preferable to the life she led with the ex-Governor and ex-Senator during the later years of their matrimonial experience.

And now Cananochet is to have a new mistress. She has money, and the rotten and moth-eaten timbers will be taken out, the leaks will be closed, and the old plans will be revived, and the place in a few years will doubtless be as fair as its original mistress designed it should be. It is curious to reflect upon the changes which have occurred since it was begun. It is odd to remember, by the way, that its last owner previous to Mr. Cranston died in the prime of life, that the Tiltons are unknown, and that the old Plymouth preacher goes on his way as vigorous and brilliant as he was previous to the opening of the other of the two great scandals which startled the continent and the world.—N. Y. Graphic.

Sheep-worrying Dogs and Their Cure.

Mr. Moore's drawing, by its extreme truthfulness, is rather painful to me from the clearness with which it recalls a bloodhound that once belonged to me, and that I was obliged to sacrifice in consequence of his habit of sheep-worrying. A way of curing this habit has since been discovered. The worried animal is fastened under the dog's belly with a strong wire, so that the dog can not possibly get rid of it, but must trail it about wherever it goes. He is left with his burden for a whole day, and after that he is disgusted and repeats the offense no more. I have tried this with a setter that worried geese, and with perfect success. Perhaps the mention of the remedy in this place may save the life of some good dog which has no other fault than a love of sport of a kind that is inconvenient to farmers.—Philip Gilbert Hamerton in the Portfolio.

There is a thirteen-year-old negro boy in Richmond, Ky., who is a perfect little fiend. The other day he bought a box of rat poison, cut it in two, and put one part in the teakettle of the Deatherage family. Three persons who drank of the water were made deathly sick, and their lives were saved with difficulty. The week before that he set fire to the house, and a year ago he tried to poison the family of a clergyman with whom he lived. He once showed his wickedness or his sensitiveness by thrusting a red-hot poker into a piano.

Scovill's SARSAPARILLA
OR BLOOD AND LIVER SYRUP.
A peerless remedy for Scrofula, White Swellings, Cancer, Erysipelas, Gout, Chronic Sores, Syphilis, Tumors, Carbuncles, Salt Rheum, Malaria, Bilious Complaints, and all diseases indicating an Impure Condition of the Blood, Liver, Stomach, Kidneys, Bowels, Skin, etc. This Grand Remedy is composed of vegetable extracts, chief of which are SARSAPARILLA and STILLINGIA. The cures effected are absolute. For sale by all Druggists.

JOHN F. HENRY & CO., New York.
Write for Illustrated Book.

THE POPULAR RAILWAY OF THE CENTRAL STATES.

THE GREAT WABASH ROUTE

ONLY LINE

Reaching by direct routes all the following large cities:
ST. LOUIS, INDIANAPOLIS, CHICAGO, FORT WAYNE, DETROIT, LAFAYETTE, TOLEDO, SPRINGFIELD, HANNIBAL, QUINCY, KEOKUK, PEORIA, KANSAS CITY, COUNCIL BLUFFS, ST. JOSEPH, OMAHA, DES MOINES, OTTUMWA.

Embracing the Principal Points of the Six Great States of Michigan, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Iowa, and Missouri, with Branch Lines or Close Connections to other cities not mentioned above.

THROUGH SLEEPING CAR LINES

Between St. Louis, New York and Boston, via Niagara Falls; Chicago and New York, via Detroit and Niagara Falls; St. Louis and St. Paul and Minneapolis; St. Louis and Chicago; St. Louis and Kansas City; St. Louis and St. Joseph; St. Louis and Council Bluffs and Omaha; St. Louis and Des Moines; St. Louis and Toledo; St. Louis and Detroit; Chicago and Kansas City; Kansas City and Des Moines; Detroit and Indianapolis.

THE BEST ROUTE
Via Detroit or Toledo, to all parts of the EAST; via Detroit, Chicago, Ottumwa or Des Moines, to all parts of the NORTH; via Indianapolis, St. Louis or Kansas City, to all parts of the SOUTH; via Kansas City, St. Joseph or Omaha, to all parts of the WEST.

NO LINE CAN EQUAL THE CAR SERVICE OF THE GREAT WABASH ROUTE

It includes Handsome New Coaches, Luxurious FREE Reclining Chair Cars, the Best Equipped Dining Cars on the Continent, the latest and most elegant Pullman Buffet and Sleeping Cars, the Splendid and Novel Mann Bonded Cars and Palace Woodruff Sleeping Cars.

Property for Sale.

FARM for SALE.

THE undersigned offers for sale the John E. E. farm, consisting of 160 acres; about one-half cleared; in section No. 28, Richfield township, Henry county, Ohio. Terms reasonable.
Nov 11. MARTIN KNUFF

Land for Sale

THE undersigned will sell 80 acres of land situated in the west half of the northwest quarter of section 14, town 4, range 7, acres clear the balance timberland. Title clear. For further information inquire of W. H. Burns on the adjoining farm, or of
ANDREW W. WATTS,
Jamestown, Pa.
Mercer Co.
April 12-87

FOR SALE.

166 acre Farm, \$45 per acre; \$1,000 cash balance on 6 to 10 years time, with interest.
40 acre Farm, \$45 per acre; \$400 cash, balance on 6 to 10 years time, with interest.
80 acre Farm, \$40 per acre; \$600 cash, balance on 6 to 10 years time, with interest.
Home and lot on Washington street, Napoleon, O., \$1,000 cash, balance on 5 years time with interest.
A brick house on Washington street, Napoleon, O., \$3 cash, balance on long time with interest.
Also other farm property for sale. Good time given.
F. M. RUMMELL, Agent

SECURE A HOME.

NO QUESTION OF TITLE.

PERSONS DESIRING

LAND FOR FARMS

Can secure the best in Henry County, conveniently situated, well timbered at fair price and easy terms, by calling on or addressing
HAAG & RAGAN,
Napoleon Henry Co., O.
dec 30-86

Established 1860.

C. E. REYNOLDS'

Land and Insurance Office

NAPOLEON, OHIO.

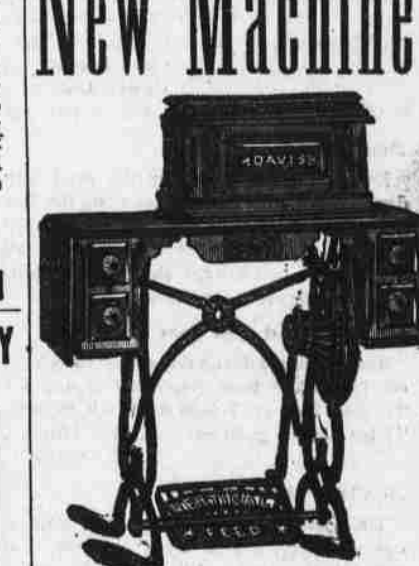
Best farm in the county, 80 acres, 2 miles from Napoleon.
Brick house, brick barn, good water, land well drained. Good time on deferred payments.
74 acre Farm, 4 miles south of Napoleon. Good frame building, fine orchard and good water. 60 acres cleared.
Home and 2 lots in Napoleon, only 3 squares west from Court House and near the high school building. Will be offered cheap for next 60 days.
Farms and timber lands in all parts of the county.

MONEY TO LOAN!

In sums of \$1,000 and upwards on 5 years' time.
Also fire, life and accident insurance.
All losses promptly adjusted.
No loss ever contested in this agency.
Office over Hahn & Meyer's Clothing Store, opposite Court House, Napoleon, O.

Have You Seen The

New Machine!



Groschner & Reddersen's?

Come and examine the

NEW DAVIS

Before you buy. We also sell the

Olds Self Oiling Box Wagon,

Spring Wagons, Buggies,

Cook and Parlor Stoves,

And all kinds of Hardware,

Leather and Rubber Belting.

J. B. MESS,

CONTRACTOR AND BUILDER

NEW BAVARIA, OHIO.

PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS A SPECIALTY

GOOD SALARIES

For Commission to Men and Women to act as local or traveling Agents. No experience needed. Steady work. JAMES E. WATKINS, New York, Rochester, N. Y. (Mention this paper.)
Jel-1m

CIDER

MACHINERY Send for our NEW FREE CATALOGUE mailed, C. C. Hampton, Detroit, Mich. may 27-86

THIS PAPER may be found on file at free advertising offices. For full particulars and rates, send for our NEW FREE CATALOGUE mailed, C. C. Hampton, Detroit, Mich. may 27-86